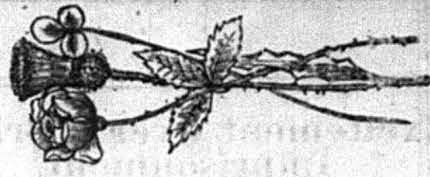


THE COLONIST.



Vol. II. Subscription Rates—\$3.00 per annum ST. JOHN'S, N. F., FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1887. Single Copies—One Cent. No. 259.

BY TELEGRAPH. HERR MOST THREATENED

A Manitobian Scheme.

An Immense Timber Raft.

THE FISHERIES' COMMISSION.

HALIFAX, Nov 18.

The New York authorities threaten to prosecute Herr Most, the Anarchist, for incendiary speeches.

Manitoba is planning to bring the whole of the population of Iceland to the North-West of Canada.

A lumber raft, five hundred and eighty-feet long, sixty-two feet wide and thirty-seven feet deep has been launched on the Bay of Fundy. It contains a thousand tons of timber. A steamer will tow the raft to New York.

It is expected that the meeting of the fisheries' commission will begin on Saturday. The proceedings will be secret.

CAPE RACE DESPATCH.

CAPE RACE, today.

Wind S.W., brisk, fine. Allan steamer Nova Scotian passed west yesterday afternoon.

OUR ADVERTISING PATRONS.

Auction of fruit..... W H Mare, Son & Co
One-shilling's worth for 10d..... at G Knowling's
Shirts, caps, hats, &c..... O'Flaherty & MacGregor
Retailing butter..... Shea & Co
Funeral notice..... see advt
Bargains, bargains..... R. R & C Callahan

AUCTION SALES.

CHOICE NEW FRUIT.

Positive Sale.

Tomorrow (SATURDAY), at Eleven o'clock,
ON THE WHARF OF

SHEA & CO.

700 boxes Choice Valencia RAISINS,
200 boxes Choice Layer Raisins.

W. H. MARE, SON & CO.,
Brokers.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Bargains! Bargains!!

WE ARE SELLING OFF VERY CHEAP

Vases, Fancy Jugs, Toys, &c.

We also recommend to our Customers
Stoves of Every Description
Especially "Slow Combustion."

Suitable for Shops, Offices and Halls, which will
give every satisfaction.

nov18,tf R. R. & C CALLAHAN.

FOR SALE

By Shea & Co.

Just landed, ex Polino

100 Packages Choice RETAILING BUTTER.

nov18,3i,fp

FUNERAL NOTICE.

THE FUNERAL OF THE LATE

Rev. JAMES BROWN

Will take place at Harbor Main, on
TO-MORROW (Saturday), at 10 o'clock.
nov18,li

FOR SALE.

A Most Desirable Farm

ON THE TOPSAIL ROAD.

About five miles from St. John's. For par-
ticulars apply to,

P. J. SCOTT, Solicitor.
nov17,fp tf Old Post Office Building.

Wanted Immediately

A Nurse Girl.

Must understand plain sewing and be well recom-
mended. Wages good. Apply to

Mrs. BERTEAU,
Maxse-street, Georgetown.
nov17

New Advertisements.

I WILL GIVE

One Shilling's Worth of GOODS for Tenpence worth of Coppers.

JUST - RECEIVED

Another lot of very handsome

Dolmans, Paletots, Fur-lined Mantles, Boas & Fur Capes.

LATEST STYLE--LOW PRICES.

G. KNOWLING,

Late P. Hutchings.

SPECIAL.

ON THIS WEEK ANOTHER GRAND SHOW OF

Shirts, Hats, Caps, Scarfs & Collars

Also--A FINE RANGE OF NEW

OVERCOATINGS: AND: SUITINGS,

(JUST OPENED.)

O'FLAHERTY & MACGREGOR.

nov18,3i,fp

Selling off at Cost

STILL FURTHER REDUCTION AT

FURLONG'S CHEAP SALE.

SIGN OF THE RAILWAY.

GIVE US A CALL AND YOU WILL SEE WHAT WE CAN DO.



We are Slaughtering Prices on all
our Dry Goods.

This is not Bluster, it is solemn Truth.
Our Prices are the lowest in the land.

Stupendous Bargains within your
reach at money-saving prices.

J. J. & L. FURLONG.

nov16,fp,tp

390. WATER STREET.

FRESH BUTTER!

JUST RECEIVED,

A Large Quantity of Butter,

which we can recommend as a first class article.

T. & J. GRACE, 360 Water Street.

nov4

North Sydney - COAL! North Sydney! Little Glace Bay Little Glace Bay!

NOW LANDING, BY THE SUBSCRIBER,

ex "Mabel" from North Sydney, and "Percy" from Little Glace Bay.

This will be the Last Chance this season of getting Coal cheap

WHILE DISCHARGING.

M. TOBIN - STEWART'S COVE.

nov16,3i,fp

"The Gloucester."

The Gloucester Tarred Cotton Line

Is undoubtedly the Best Banking Line Made.

IT IS twenty per cent. stronger than any other Cotton Line.
IT IS more easily handled than any other Cotton Line.
IT WILL stand more rough usage and wear better than any other Cotton Line, and it is the
cheapest Cotton Line in the market. Made in all sizes. See that every dozen bears the
trade mark, "THE GLOUCESTER." None other genuine.
oct16,fp,tf,eod

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

ARCADE Hardware Store.

Cut, Wrought, Galvanized & Dory

NAILS.

Powder, Shot, Caps, Muskets.

GLASS, PUTTY, SASHES.

Bedsteads -- all sizes.

PAINTS AND BRUSHES.

Also, a full assortment of Hardware.

CHEAP! CHEAP! CHEAP!

—AT—

M. MONROE'S

339 Water Street, 339.

nov4,fp,tf

Prospectus!

NEW BOOK:

Ecclesiastical History of Newfoundland.

By REV. M. F. HOWLEY, D.D., P.A.

[Now in the hands of the printers—to be published
about Christmas, 1887.]

THIS WORK, THO' MAINLY A HIS-
tory of the rise and progress of the Catholic
Church in Newfoundland, contains besides many
interesting and hitherto unpublished documents,
maps and engravings, illustrative of our general
history and the early history of America.
The Ecclesiastical part contains an extensive
compilation from an unpublished manuscript by
the late Right Rev. Dr. MULLOCK, as also au-
thograph letters from the Catholic Bishops—Drs.
O'DONNELL, LAMBERT, SCALLAN, &c.; documents
from the Archives of Quebec, Propaganda, A
short sketch of the lives of all our Old Priests,
with anecdotes of their missionary labors, &c.
The rise and progress of our Educational Institu-
tions, Industrial and Benevolent societies, &c.

The book will be published by subscription,
at \$2.50, in cloth binding.

Orders for the work will be received at the
COLONIST Office; and will be forwarded by mail,
postage prepaid, upon receipt of subscription price.
Persons desirous of obtaining local agencies
will receive full particulars upon application to

P. R. BOWERS,

sep7

COLONIST Office, St. John's, N.F.



Water Rates.

Revision of Special Appraisement and the
Appraisement of Vacant Lands.

PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY Given

in accordance with the provisions of the Act
50th Vic., cap. 16, entitled "An Act to amend and
consolidate the Acts relating to the General Water
Company," the Books of Appraisement of Vacant
Lands, and also of Special Appraisements, made
since the last triennial valuation, were on this day
deposited with the undersigned at the Court-house,
in St. John's, where they will remain open for the
inspection of all interested therein, from the 10th
day of October, instant, until the 10th day of
November next, from 10 a. m. to 2 p. m. on each
day (Sunday excepted). The revision of the said
Rates, in accordance with the said Act, will com-
mence on the Eleventh day of November, at the
same place, during the same hours, for the pe-
riod of one month, before the Court of Quarter
Sessions for the said district.

R. R. W. LILLY,

Clerk of the Peace Central District.
Court-house, St. John's, October 18, 1887.

Government Notice

THE AUTOMATIC Whistling Buoy,
moored off POWLES' HEAD, Trepassay, has
been brought into that Harbour, and will not be
replaced this season. By order.

W. R. STIRLING,

Board Works Office,
18th Oct. 1887. pro Sec.

EDWIN McLEOD

Commission Merchant.

DENVERARA.

ESTABLISHED TWENTY YEARS.

Special attention paid to the purchase of
W. I. Produce and Sales of Fish. sep25,ly,fp

CARD.

MISS SMYTH HAVING REMOVED
to No. 70 Water Street, will be prepared to
take a few more Pupils for the Pianoforte, about
the 21st inst. Terms moderate. nov14,6fp

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Colonist Xmas Number for 1887.

THE COLONIST PRINTING AND PUBLISH-
ING COMPANY, encouraged by the suc-
cess which attended the DAILY COLO-
NIST CHRISTMAS NUMBER last year, feel
warranted in issuing a similar publica-
tion for 1887, which they will endeavour
to make even still more worthy of the
public favor.

The next CHRISTMAS NUMBER of the
DAILY COLONIST will contain twenty-
eight pages, printed from new type, on
the finest rose-tinted book paper, and
will be profusely illustrated with en-
gravings of prominent citizens, public
edifices, local sketches, and other works
of art, which, together with literary
contributions of talented writers, will,
it is hoped, inspire faith in our country,
at home, and command respect for it
abroad.

Though the time for competition last
year was brief, yet the prizes then offer-
ed were, at least, a beginning in the
way of doing something to encourage
local talent; and the result was even
more satisfactory than the most san-
guine could have anticipated. With
the expectation that our young men
and women will again try their skill in
describing the scenes, customs, or
memorable events of their country in
prose or verse, we will offer, this year,
a prize of \$20.00 for the best poem, and
\$20.00 for the best story.

Rates of advertising will be placed at
a reasonable figure; and the publica-
tion will be sold at 10 cents per copy,
with special rates to agents.

For further particulars, rates of ad-
vertising, etc., address—P. R. BOWERS,
Colonist office, St. John's, N.F.

The following rules will be observed
in relation to the prizes above men-
tioned:—

1—MS. for the prize story must not
exceed 2,000 words, nor for the
poem 50 lines; and must be plainly
written on one side of the paper only.
When sent by mail, it must be fully
pre-paid. We will reserve the right
of publishing any of the contributions
sent in, should their literary merit
warrant us in doing so. Any person
desiring MS. returned, must enclose
stamps to pre-pay postage.

2—Contributions for either prize will
not be admitted for competition un-
less received at the COLONIST office,
addressed to the editor, not later than
19th of November; nor unless signed
by the non-de-plume only of the
writer.

3—Each MS. must be accompanied by
an envelope containing the real name
of the writer, and marked on the out-
side—"For prize competition," which
will not be opened until after the
prizes shall have been awarded.

4—Three of the poems and three of the
stories sent in will be published, and
the decision as to which of them is
the best will be left to a majority
of the purchasers of the COLONIST
CHRISTMAS NUMBER. Each purchaser
will receive for every copy purchased,
a blank form, and on the forms being
filled in and returned to this office,
at New Year's, the result will be
made known, and the prizes awarded
accordingly. nov7

NOTICE of REMOVAL.

JAS. J. COLLINS

Notary Public and Real Estate Broker.

—HAS REMOVED TO—

348 Duckworth Street,

[opp. the Fisherman's and Sailor's Home.]

I guarantee thorough satisfaction in the
management of your Estates if placed in my
hands. nov3,3i,fp,eod

Under the Distinguished Patronage of
His Lordship Dr. Macdonald.

THE LADIES OF THE CATHEDRAL
Parish, Harbor Grace, intend holding, in
the T. A. Hall, on the 27th, 28th, 29th, and
30th December, a XMAS TREE, for the purpose
of raising funds for the erection of a new Episco-
pal residence.

Contributions will be thankfully received by
the following ladies who form the committee,—
Mrs. John Strapp, president; Miss S. Kennedy,
vice-president; Mrs. Connell & Mrs. Mary Mur-
phy, treasurers; Mrs. Fariell, Mrs. R. Lahey,
Mrs. Colbert, Mrs. Shea, Mrs. McKinnon, Mrs.
Whitten, Mrs. Walker, Mrs. Thomas Hanrahan,
Miss Goff, Miss F. Green, Miss Madge Jones,
Miss Mary Hanrahan, Miss Scully, Mrs. John
Hogan, Mrs. Wm. Hennessy, Mrs. John Hen-
nessy, Mrs. Graham, Mrs. John Murphy, Mrs.
D. A. Flynn, Mrs. Isaac Pumphrey, Mrs. James
Keefe, Miss Garland, and Mrs. John Coady.

MAGGIE WICKHAM

nov16

Secretary.

A COOK WANTED.

WANTED IMMEDIATELY

A Good Cook,

Apply to Mrs. M. G. Winter, Gower-St.
nov16,2ifp

Select Story.

Wedded and Doomed!

By author of "Set in Diamonds."

CHAPTER LXVI—(Continued.)

"I cried," he continued, speaking in an unmoved, impassive tone of voice—"I cried for years; my tears made great furrows in my face; they took the light and brightness from my eyes. It is your turn to shed tears now. I wept until my eyeballs were like two burning fires, and the very fountain of my tears was dried. I weep no more now; I shall never weep again. I should be a better and a happier man if I could. Tell me one thing, Undine—I shall never call you 'Lady Chandos,' your name is Undine L'Estrange!—tell me, why did you go away, without leaving me any trace of you, without leaving me your address or one word which would tell me your whereabouts? Why did you do this? Tell me the truth; false words are quite useless between us now. I want the exact truth."

She raised her despairing face to his; she might just as well tell the truth now—indeed no falsehood suggested itself to her; there was nothing to be told except the truth.

"I did it purposely," she replied slowly.

"You did not want me to find you?" he asked; and she answered:

"Never again."

"Then she was silent, for the moan that came from his lips was terrible to hear."

"I can still feel and suffer," he said; "although my heart is seared and my soul is dead. I can feel, Undine. Why did you wish never to see me again—why?"

"Because, in the first place, I repented of my marriage as soon as it was over; quite suddenly my eyes seemed to open, and the glamour fell from them. I saw what I had done, and I was sorry for it."

"But you loved me when I left you Undine—you loved me when we sat together on the pine hill, with the sea sobbing at our feet—you loved me then?"

"No," she replied with the calmness of despair, "not then, or ever. I have never loved you."

And he, bowing his head as she spoke listened to the words in silence.

"That is my death-knell," he said slowly, after a time. "You have never loved me?"

"No; and you ought to have known it. I had never seen a young man until I met you. What could I know of love or lovers? You misled me; you told me that I loved you, and I believed you. You persuaded me to marry you, and I did so. Now that I know what true love means, I know just as surely that I did not love you. It is you who did the wrong, not I; and when there came a chance to undo the wrong, and forget all about it, I embraced the chance. You can not blame me!" she cried, with an outburst of passionate tears.

"You said that you loved me, Undine," he remonstrated.

"And so I believed, but I knew less of love in those days than the ripe peaches that grew in our orchard; the blame lay with you. You were older and wiser than I."

"But I loved you so," he moaned. "Oh, Undine, I loved you so that I was blind to everything else. I forgot everything except my own wonderful love."

"I do not know what I should have done, if we had stayed at the farm," she said. "If you had come for me, I should never have gone, I should not have left my parents. I knew on the morning I reached home that I should never leave it with you."

"You repented so soon?"

"Yes, I repented so soon. Oh, Raoul, believe me, I repented while we sat on the pine hill, I repented even before we left the church. Here is a proof of it; you gave me a bunch of red roses, which I left on the bench in the old church, and since then I can never endure the sight or smell of a red rose."

"It is enough," he replied, with a low groan; "I see, I understand."

CHAPTER LVII.

RAOUL L'ESTRANGE was silent for some few minutes.

"Nothing can be worse than that," he said. "I can hear nothing which will hurt me more. Tell me the rest now. Tell me why you left the farm; what brought you here, and all about it?"

A sudden inspiration came to her. What if she could prevail upon him, when his anger was over, to forgive her; to go away, and leave her in peace? He loved her once well enough to make any sacrifice for her; surely he might forgive her now. She would not agitate him, or anger him, she would try. He had never refused to grant her one prayer; surely she could influence him.

She stood before him pale and faint; her eyes full of tears, so lovely in her helplessness that, had he been less angry, he must have been touched by the sight of her.

"Raoul," she said, gently, and the man's strong frame trembled when he heard the word—"Raoul, do not let us be angry with each other any more, it does no good. Talk to me without anger. I have much to say. I want to tell you all that happened; you—you will not think so badly of me when you know all. Oh, Raoul, as you are strong, be merciful!"

"I do not want to be anything but merciful," he said; "at the same time I must be just to myself."

"Can you find a seat for me?" she asked. "I am tired and faint. I cannot stand."

Almost involuntarily he threw his arms around her; but she shrank shudderingly from his touch.

"Do you hate me so utterly?" he asked; "so bitterly that I may not even touch you—you who by the law of Heaven and the law of the land are my very own?"

She knew that if she wished to succeed with him, she must be gentle and patient.

"Let us go to the old tree there," said Undine, "and talk. Be pitiful to me, Raoul," and as she spoke, she thought of the lines:

"Lips say, 'God be pitiful,'
That never yet said, 'God be praised.'"

"Be kind to me, Raoul," she said.

"Be kind. I know I have done terribly wrong, but I have suffered, and I suffered, and I suffer now. I want to talk to you. Sit down here. Oh, promise me you will not be fierce or angry."

"I will not," he said; and they sat down side, by side, his heart yearning over her, hers full of despairing prayers.

"I—that is, no one has ever been unkind to me," she said. "I do not think I have ever heard an unkind word, and the first must not come from you," she said.

"It shall not. Before you begin to speak, Undine," he said, "let me say something. You are my wife; you have done wrong I will forgive you; I will never reproach you with it; I will make all allowance for your youth and inexperience—if you will come back to me at once! I am a rich man, and you shall miss nothing you now enjoy. I will take you to the fairest lands on earth and I will worship you."

His very soul seemed to tremble on his lips as he uttered the words.

"You gave me no chance before, Undine," he continued. "I am mean enough to plead for myself, you see. If you will come away with me, now at once, you shall be the happiest woman in the world."

"You forget my husband and children," she said.

"Your husband need never know where you have gone," he said, hastily, and she even more quickly rejoined:

"The man who persuaded me to deceive my parents sees no harm in persuading me to leave my children and my husband."

"You forget," he said, quickly, "that I am your husband, and that no other man living has any power over you." It was true; for the moment she had forgotten.

"Come with me," he said, "and I will make you the happiest woman on earth."

"Oh, Raoul," she pleaded, "how can I leave Ray? I love him! Do you not understand? It seems cruel to say, but I must say it. Just as you love me, I love him!"

"It may be," he answered, grimly, "but I have the first claim; never forget that, Undine, mine is the first claim;"

(to be continued.)

Owners of Real Estate.

IF YOU HAVE A FARM SITUATED within two or three miles of the town and wish to sell or lease the same, or if you have **Dwelling Houses or Building Lots** situated in or near the following localities:—New Gower street, east, Theatre Hill, Queen's Road, Long's Hill, King's Road, Centre of Duckworth street, Brazil's Square, Allan's Square, British Square, George's street, Princes street or any other street near the centre of the town, and wish to sell or lease the same, you are invited to call at my office where your property can be disposed of at short notice and to your satisfaction. Scarcely a day passes that I don't receive applications for Dwelling Houses, and Building Lots in these localities. Please call or write to

JAS. J. COLLINS.
Notary Public and Real Estate Broker.
Office: 9 Princes Street, [sep6,2m,fp,eod]

Matches. Matches.

Just Received Per S.S. Iceland from Boston,
MATCHES IN 10 GROSS CASES,
Zinc Washboards in bds. of half dozen each.

JOHN J. O'REILLY.
270 Water-street, 43 & 45 King's Road.
oct26.

GILLETT'S
POWDERED
LYE
99 PER CENT
PUREST, STRONGEST, BEST.
Ready for use in any quantity. For making Soap, Softening Water, Disinfecting, and a hundred other uses. A can equals 20 pounds Sal Soda.
Sold by all Grocers and Druggists.
F. W. GILLET, TORONTO.

Teachers; Players; Singers

Should now select and purchase Music Books for their use and pleasure during the ensuing Fall and Winter.

Oliver Ditson & Co. issue Sheet Music in such immense quantities that it is perfectly impossible to advertise it. All new publications are faithfully and intelligibly described in their interesting and valuable **Monthly Musical Record**. (\$1.00 per year) which every one needs. Look out for the imprint of Oliver Ditson & Co., on the music you purchase. They do not care to publish anything but the best music, and their name is a guarantee of merit.

Send for Lists, Catalogues and Descriptions of any Music or Music-Book wanted.

NEW AND POPULAR BOOKS

Plantation and Jubilee Songs—Newest and best collection. 30 cts.

Emanuel—Oratorio by Trowbridge. \$1.00 \$9.00 per doz. New. An American Oratorio

Jehovah's Praise—Church Music Book. \$1.00 \$9.00 per doz. Emerson's newest and best.

United Voices—For Common Schools. 50 cts. \$4.80 per doz. Just out. Charming School Song Collection.

ANY BOOK MAILED FOR RETAIL PRICE.

OLIVER DITSON & CO., BOSTON.
sep26

Notice to Mariners

The New Fog Horn,
(OFF GALLANTRY)

now located North of Hunter's Island (He aux Chasseurs), at a distance of about 50 yards from the Shore, will play from the 1st of March next, every time FOG AND SNOW will make it necessary.

The Sound will last for Six Seconds, with an interval of One Minute between each blast.

February 2nd, 1887.

Minard's Liniment.

MINARD'S
"KING OF PAIN"
LINIMENT
CURES—Rheumatism, Diphtheria, Sciatica, Neuralgia, Headache, Earache, Toothache, Cramps, Bruises, Sprains, Coughs, Colds, Quinsy, Erysipelas, Colic, Gout, Hoarseness, Burns, Bronchitis, Numbness of Limbs, Contraction of Muscles, Piles, &c.

C. C. RICHARDS & CO., SOLE PROPRIETORS.

STILL ANOTHER!

GENTS.—Your MINARD'S LINIMENT is my great remedy for all ills; and I have lately used it successfully in curing a case of Bronchitis, and consider you are entitled to great praise for giving to mankind so wonderful a remedy.

J. M. CAMPBELL,
Bay of Islands.

Minard's Liniment is for sale everywhere.

PRICE - 25 CENTS.

may18,3m,2iv

THE COLONIST

Is Published Daily, by "The Colonist Printing and Publishing Company" Proprietors, at the office of Company, No. 1, Queen's Beach, near the Custom House.

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Correspondence and other matters relating to the Editorial Department will receive prompt attention on being addressed to

P. R. BOWEN,
Editor of the Colonist, St. John's, Nfld.

JOHN SKINNER,

—DEALER IN—

Italian and American Marble & Soapstones.



Designs furnished to order.
NOTE.—Best stock, artistic and substantial work guaranteed.
Sample sheet and estimate sent to any address on application.

Cement and Plaster Paris on Retail. See our Show-Room.

TERRA NOVA MARBLE WORKS.

Opposite Star of the Sea Hall, Duckworth Street, St. John's, Newfoundland.
oct26,3w,tey

Standard Marble Works.

287, New Gower Street, St. John's, Newfoundland.

I invite the public to inspect my large and very excellent stock

—OF—

HEADSTONES, MONUMENTS, TOMBS, MANTELPIECES, &c.

At rates sufficiently reasonable to defy competition. I guarantee solid stock and the best of workmanship. Export orders solicited. Designs cheerfully furnished by letter or otherwise.

ap20,3m,fp,w&s

JAMES MCINTYRE.

The Nfld. Consolidated Foundry Co., Limited.

Beg to acquaint the public that they have now on hand, a variety of

Patterns for Grave and Garden Railings and for Crestings of Houses, &c.

AND WOULD INVITE INSPECTION OF SAME.

All Orders left with us for either of the above will have our immediate attention.

june6

JAMES ANCEL, Manager.

THE NORTH BRITISH AND MERCANTILE Insurance Company.

(—CO—)

[ESTABLISHED A. D., 1809]

RESOURCES OF THE COMPANY AT THE 31ST DECEMBER, 1882:

I.—CAPITAL	
Authorized Capital.....	£3,000,000
Subscribed Capital.....	2,000,000
Paid-up Capital.....	500,000
II.—FIRE FUND.	
Reserve.....	£544,576 19 11
Premium Reserve.....	362,138 18 2
Balance of profit and loss act.....	67,895 12 6
	£1,274,631 10 8
III.—LIFE FUND.	
Accumulated Fund (Life Branch).....	£3,274,835 19 1
Do. Fund (Annuity Branch).....	473,147 3 2
	£3,747,983 2 3
REVENUE FOR THE YEAR 1882.	
FROM THE LIFE DEPARTMENT.	
Nett Life Premiums and Interest.....	£469,075 5 3
Annuity Premiums (including £108,992 2 4 by single payment) and interest.....	124,717 7 1
	£593,792 13 4
FROM THE FIRE DEPARTMENT.	
Nett Fire Premiums and Interest.....	£1,157,073 14 0
	£1,750,866 7 4

The Accumulated Funds of the Life Department are free from liability in respect of the Fire Department, and in like manner the Accumulated Funds of the Fire Department are free from liability in respect of the Life Department.

Insurances effected on Liberal Terms.

Chief Offices,—EDINBURGH & LONDON.

GEO. SHEA,
General Agent for Nfld.

LONDON & LANCASHIRE

Fire Insurance Co

Claims paid since 1862 amount to £3,461,563 stg.

FIRE INSURANCE granted upon almost every description of Property. Claims are met with Promptitude and Liberality.

The Rates of Premium for Insurances, and all other information may be obtained on application to

HARVEY & CO.

Agents at John's, Newfoundland.

The Mutual Life Insurance Co., y,

OF NEW YORK.—ESTABLISHED 1843.

Assets, January 1st, 1887	\$114,131,963.
Cash Income for 1886	\$21,137,179
Insurance in force about	\$400,000,000
Policies in force about	130,000

The Mutual Life is the Largest Life Company, and the Strongest Financial Institution in the World.

No other Company has paid such LARGE DIVIDENDS to its Policy-holders; and no other Company issues so PLAIN and so COMPREHENSIVE A POLICY.

A. S. RENDELL,

Agent at Newfoundland.

Daily Colonist.

FRIDAY, NOVEMBER 18, 1887.

SHEEP AND DOGS.

It is to be regretted that the census returns did not furnish the public with the number of dogs in each district in the country. For the purposes of comparative statistics, such a return, at the present juncture, would be of great service to those interested in agriculture. There are those who think that the total number of dogs is as great as the number of sheep—40,000. All those annually require a certain quantity of food for their maintenance, and although largely fed on refuse, a great deal of food fit for human consumption is wasted in keeping alive this pest of our common country. This is a fact hitherto not called into reckoning in the discussion of this question. A good sheep has four annual values, (1) a lamb, (2) wool, (3) fertilizer, and (4) gain in its own weight. The lamb a sheep drops each year is worth \$4 to \$5. Mr. John Studdy, Mount Pearl, and Mr. Michael Connors, Water street, can afford ample testimony in support of the fact that all manner of dogs, given the opportunity, will destroy sheep; brackies and the smaller representatives of the canine species have been known to worry sheep and bite them under the haunches till they bled to death. Dogs have been known to go ten miles and destroy sheep.

Last spring, Benjamin Squires, of Broadcove, had a score of sheep and lambs killed or driven over a cliff into the sea, by dogs from Portugal Cove. This poor man lost one hundred dollars, the savings of hard toil, in one brief hour. Innumerable cases may be cited of similar wanton destruction of sheep. An act was passed last session which enables the third of the population of any district by petition to the Governor in Council to have all dogs destroyed in such district. The act further has a penalty of fifty dollars on each person in contravention thereof keeping a dog, and it enables any person to shoot any dog.

Enforced idleness costs us \$2,000,000 a year. If \$4,000,000 a year could be added to the gross earnings of our people the labor problem would be solved. How can it be done? By putting the sheep preservation act of last session in force in every district where sheep can be raised, and by getting into this country 1,000,000 sheep, for to a poor man a sheep is worth \$4.00 a year at least. Let those interested in agriculture commence at once at those petitions. Let the farmers' section in St. John's move in it at once. Let the school-masters and clergymen do the same in the outports. Many people, their stock once secured from the ravages of dogs, will go in largely for sheep raising. With our fine sheep runs, in a few years we would be surprised at what had been accomplished.

THE POLICE FORCE.

Since announcing Sub-Inspector Holt's dismissal, we have made enquiries regarding the Police Force of this Colony; and we are quite certain that other dismissals might be made without any detriment to the public service. After the retirement of the late Chief of Constabulary, an increase of twelve men took place, and for this small increase to the Force, the country has had to pay an additional expenditure of twenty thousand dollars a-year. Formerly, the sum required to maintain the Police Force was forty thousand dollars; now it is sixty thousand dollars per annum. Do the twelve men added to the Police Force cost this additional twenty thousand dollars a-year? If not, the inference is plain—there must be gross extravagance somewhere. From time to time we have brought this matter forward, solely with the view to economy and efficiency in this department, and not through any feeling of hostility toward any individual in the service.

There are in St. John's three Inspectors; and until within a few days ago, another in Harbor Grace, discharging the duty heretofore performed by one man. The head of the Police Force receives two thousand dollars a-year, which is nine hundred and sixty dollars more than his predecessor received; and, besides two other Inspectors, there are a large number of Sergeants, so that the Constabulary service of the Colony has a "larger per centage of officers to soldiers" than any similar organization in the world.

Now that this matter has been opened up, as in Sub-Inspector Holt's case, the pruning knife should be still further used with advantage to the tax-payers. The cavalry and other parts of the service not absolutely indispensable, should be dispensed with, at least, during the present depression. The cavalry look very well, and, if the country could afford such an ornamental adjunct to "the pomp and circumstance of state," we would be the last to object; but knowing that there are other things more needed for the present wants of the island, we believe the money which their maintenance cost, could be devoted to better purposes. Instead of paying sixty thousand dollars for the support of the Constabulary, the occasion for which, if it ever existed, has happily passed away, we would, with part of the expenditure, usher in a new era—namely, that of THE SCHOOLMASTER. When he has had a fair chance for a few years, "enforced idleness" and pauperism will soon become things of the past.

Extracts from the Journal of an Early Settler.

PART II.

FERRYLAND, Dec. 22nd, 1861.—My wife and I have arrived home safe, all thanks and praise to that merciful Providence that brought us through so many dangers and privations unharmed, and led into such strange and surprising adventures in the short space of one month since the burning of our house in Camelot. I shall endeavor to set down for the benefit of the person, whoever he may be, into whose hands this book may fall, a narrative of the events and adventures that took place since the night of the 17th November, which was the last we were to spend in our happy home at Camelot. On that evening, which was the anniversary of my wife's birth, the three of us had taken the boat and gone over to the wooded and sloping shore some distance from our house, there to spend the time enjoying the crisp autumn breeze of the Atlantic. We had become inured to the coldness of the climate, and could easily bear the cold air of November without inconvenience. Well for us, indeed, we could, else we had perished on our journey hither. While, returning, I was guiding our boat and careless and unmindful of everything but the beauty of the sunset, I was startled by a cry of surprise from my sister Anne, and on looking up saw the reflexion of a fire near our house. We immediately became terribly alarmed and agitated, and I scarcely know what happened until we came very near the blazing homestead. As I was hurrying to land I perceived the forms of three or four savages near the flames, their long cloaks flapping in the breeze and their faces shining in the glow of the fire. Not daring to go on shore in their presence, and still unwilling to see our home destroyed and our goods probably plundered, especially now, as winter was approaching, I think I would have made some attempt to rescue them. However, I finally yielded to the entreaties and supplications of my wife and sister. I decided upon immediately leaving the place and seeking assistance in one of the nearest settlements—French or English. In the boat fortunately there was food, with care, sufficient to last for three days, and as I had my gun, and knowing there was plenty of game, I had little fear but we should reach a place of safety before our food failed. In our situation, hardly knowing but the savages might begin a search, deciding and putting into execution were simultaneous acts. It was rapidly becoming dark, so that we were anxious to have set out before the daylight left us. Upon landing we sent our boat adrift, and then kneeling upon the shore we commended ourselves entirely to the care of the Almighty and set out on our journey, taking what we believed to be the direction of Ferryland. We continued walking slowly all through the night which was very fine. A cold grey sky, no wind but rather a chilly vapor yet bracing and strong. Before we stopped for breakfast, which we made off a hare I shot, we had almost forgot our troubles and were talkative and cheerful expecting to arrive at Ferryland that night.

However, my sister Anne complained of fatigue and asked us to wait for an hour, which we consented to do readily. I on my part was troubled about her, fearing she was ill. I fought against my fear until evening, when I saw that she was delirious. This was a harder blow than all besides. Our stock of provisions was insufficient for a long delay, and we feared that if we did not push on to Ferryland immediately the snow would come and prevent our arriving there at all, when a death from cold and hunger was our only prospect. To go on and take Anne was impossible, for we believed that there was little hope of her recovering in her exposed condition, and would not live more than three or four days. We could only wait and pray, so we put ourselves in the hands of Providence and resolved to do all that lay in our power for the preservation of our sister and leave the rest to God. I cannot describe the events of the next two days of cold, dreary watching by my sister's side, powerless to do anything to save a life so dear to me. I was stricken almost helpless by the affliction, and but for the strength and womanly patience of my beloved wife I fear we would never have left the forest where dear Anne died. For two days she was delirious and unconscious of her position, raving of our house at Camelot and of a bright sunny lane and snow-white cottage in England, whither she had gone with her father when very young, and which now came back to her in the hour of her death, in the cold dank wintry forest of this desolate island. On the third morning after we halted, she grew rapidly worse, and as we watched her eyes light up with the glow of reason, for the first time within three days, we knew that her end was near. My wife and I embraced, fell on our knees before our dying sister, and asked that God would receive her soul into eternal bliss, and, if it were pleasing to him, bring us to our destined refuge; knowing that now human aid was of no avail, we resigned ourselves into the hands of the Almighty and then prayed silently and fervently as only people in danger and desolation can pray. While thus praying the soul of our sister had passed away, and when we rose

from our knees we knew that we had another to intercede for our deliverance at the heavenly throne, and we felt sorrowfully resigned but much more comforted than we had been for many days. We buried her beneath the shade of the fir trees, with no mark or stone to indicate the last resting place of one who had cheered me by her counsel and her benevolent religious spirit in many, otherwise cheerless hours spent in Camelot. Her memory shall be ever cherished and revered by her brother who hopes to meet her at the end of his mortal career in the domains of heavenly happiness.

We stopped, not to weep or mourn, but next morning set out early, making all possible speed to reach our destinations. For six or seven hours we silently travelled through the light snow which had already fallen, and was sufficient to prevent us feeling sure of our way. For a long time we each tried to conceal from the other that we were hopelessly astray. The thought of being lost in midst of the forest on this island was maddening,—winter rapidly closing down, and no hope of human assistance. I have since wondered that the terror and consternation which resulted from so many dangers and troubles did not prostrate my reason. But one, often summons great resolution to aid him in great dangers, and in my effort for this purpose I was ably seconded by my devoted wife. We determined to go in a south-west direction, thinking, from a very scanty knowledge of the geography of the island, that this would bring us to our desired goal. The ways of Providence are, however, inscrutable, and whether we knew not the direction we wished, or our feet unconsciously led us off our path, at the end of the second day's weary walking, we did not appear to be nearer Ferryland than we had been at first. Worn out and despairing, we also found that we had only sufficient food for one meal; and now, indeed, death, a horrible, lingering death from starvation, was our only prospect.

(to be continued.)

Newfoundlanders Abroad.

The Halifax correspondent of the Montreal Gazette, Nov. 8th, says: Attorney-General Winter passed through Halifax today to watch Newfoundland's case before the Fishery Commission. He emphatically and indignantly denied the exaggerated reports of distress among the fishermen, and said that the fish harvest this year was much better than last, while the great increase in prices had given hope and buoyancy to business generally. He does not regard Confederation as a live question, and says that the bait bill will be vigorously enforced against the French.

The Quebec Telegraph, of the 12th, reports that the Rev. Mr. Botwood, Episcopal Commissary of the Diocese of Newfoundland, will preach the anniversary sermon of the St. Peter's Branch of the Church of England Temperance Society, in St. Peter's Church, tomorrow (Sunday) evening, at seven o'clock.

THE POLICE COURT.

His Honor Judge Prowse had a busy day in the Court House today. The first case called was against a party for selling liquor without a license. But after a patient hearing it could not be sustained, and was dismissed. The second case was against a number of boys who were charged with taking empty flour barrels from outside Water-street stores and selling them. The case was not concluded, as some of the boys implicated were not present. Lads ranging from eight to thirteen years old have been hauled up frequently of late, charged with similar offences. Every instance is only another evidence of the great want of a compulsory education law in St. John's. Hundreds of boys can be seen round the city daily, engaged in such interesting and remunerative occupations as street-sweeping and begging for coppers. Many of these boys have parents—their fathers, in instances, earning fair pay as laborers. But the education of the youngsters is seldom or ever thought about, and so the latter, by contact with companions somewhat older, devote the hours which should be spent in school to hanging round wharves and learning to smoke, steal and chew. In large cities it is very hard for to prevent boys from contracting early the habits referred to, and thus laying the foundation of criminal lives, but in a city the size of St. John's, a simple compulsory education law would cover the ground. A landlord and tenant case next came on. Mr. Emerson appeared for the former; Mr. Parsons for the latter. The plaintiff won. A breach of contract case, in which two coopers sued a Water Street Merchant for breach of contract, followed. The plaintiffs were represented by Mr. Frank J. Morris; the defendant by Mr. Johnson. The verdict for plaintiffs. Some other cases were called, but were not finished.

One young lady in town averages one offer of marriage each night since the bazaar opened. If this young lady persists in smashing up our young men, we shall have to publish her name as a heartless flirt.

Destruction of Dogs at Odein.

The following proclamation appears in the Royal Gazette of Wednesday. It should be extensively circulated; and it is hoped the good work now commenced will be followed up all over the Island, so that the dog nuisance may become abated; and the people given a chance to raise sheep. Better that the dogs should go than the men should go:—

Whereas it is provided by an Act of the Legislature passed in the Forty-seventh year of the Reign of Her present Majesty, and an Act in amendment thereof, passed in the Fiftieth year of Her present Majesty, entitled "An Act to provide for the better preservation of Sheep, and for other purposes," that

"It shall be lawful for the duly qualified Electors resident within an area or District within this Colony to present to the Governor and Council a Petition or Requisition in the form prescribed in the Schedule to this Act, or as near thereto as may be, setting forth the limits or boundaries within which such area or District is comprised, and the names of the Towns, Harbors or Settlements included therein, and praying for a Proclamation prohibiting the keeping of Dogs in such area or District; and further, that upon the receipt of any such Petition or Requisition containing the signatures of not less than one-third of the Electors resident within any such area or District, certified by the nearest Stipendiary Magistrate, as aforesaid, the Governor in Council shall issue a Proclamation or Public Notice prohibiting the keeping of Dogs within such area or District."

"And whereas I have received a Petition, certified in due form, from not less than one-third of the Electors residing within the Island of Odein, in the Electoral District of Placentia and St. Mary's praying that the Proclamation may be issued in accordance with the before recited provisions, prohibiting the keeping of Dogs within the said Island.

I do, therefore, issue this my Proclamation, prohibiting from the first day of January next, the keeping of Dogs within the said Island of Odein, in the District of Placentia and St. Mary's, from and after which date it shall not be lawful for any person resident within the said Island, provided, this Prohibition shall not apply to any Person or Persons passing through such Island, and having a licensed Dog or Dogs in his or their possession, charge, or control, and not at large.

"And all Constables are hereby notified that it shall be their duty to kill all Dogs found by them in the said Island of Odein, except Shepherd Dogs or Collies, and those before excepted. This Proclamation shall be in force for ten years from the date hereof, and if no Petition or Requisition be presented after three months' notice of the expiring thereof, the provisions thereof shall be continued for a further period of ten years.

FEELING ON O'BRIEN'S IMPRISONMENT.

The Rule or Ruin Policy.

(From the Roscommon Messenger.)

At last Bloody Balfour has succeeded in putting forth successfully all the powers which his brute and sometimes drunken majority in Parliament gave him, against his much-dreaded political opponent, Mr. William O'Brien. A pliant Judge, an unscrupulous Crown Prosecutor, a policeman full of zeal in his desire to earn more blood money from the Castle, an unthinking armed rabble ready at all times to do their master's menial service, have, by the magic Castle nod, been drawn together, and with united and illegal action deprived William O'Brien of liberty. For a whole year, since the Plan of Campaign was put forward, the creeping things that burrow in and around the dark places of the Castle have held nightly councils and in vain sought the Judas who would give the traitorous kiss and so deliver their enemy into their hands. But the Crimes Act procured the necessary Judas, and on Monday, 7th inst., the decision of the base hirelings, Eaton and Stokes, was confirmed by Hamilton in words which proclaimed him to all honest men as a perjurer to that oath which he took to deal even-handed justice between the subject and the Crown. A surging thrill of indignation pulsed through the nation when the story of the illegal arrest and imprisonment was flashed over the wires, and many a manly heart longed for the moment which would place the weapons of freemen in the hands of an outraged people. But the fierce desire of the moment cooled before the exhortation of the imprisoned patriot. The people remembered that Mr. O'Brien's advice to them at all times was to bear patiently and redress by constitutional means the wrongs inflicted on them, and to remember that the persecutors would be only too glad to try armed force where they know the people are powerless. This thought nerves the nation, still smarting under the lash, to bear an outward calmness. And though Balfour from his safe retreat goads on to desperation a long suffering people in the hope of tempting them by torture to acts of wantonness, the people, confident in the wisdom of their leaders, refuse to be trapped, and are placidly looking forward to very the near termination of a policy which as it has failed to rule, is now only seeking to ruin the nation.

LOCAL AND OTHER ITEMS

Good night at the bazaar last night.

The market is stocked with fresh beef.

The steamer Bonavista will sail tomorrow.

Local cabbage is driving the foreign out of the market.

Placentia has more sheep than any district in the island.

The steamer Kite left Greenspond at five yesterday afternoon—coming home.

Newfoundland manufactures goods to the amount of one and a half million dollars yearly.

The highest point attained by the thermometer during the last twenty-four hours was 57; the lowest 39.

There were nine couples married this week; after this, who'll say the times are not promising in Newfoundland?

Even if a boy is always whistling, "I want to be an angel," it is just as well to keep the preserved pears on the top shelf of the pantry.

As an evidence of how fine the weather continues at this season of the year a member for one of the northern districts appeared on Water-street yesterday, with a straw hat.

A West-End farmer complains that the firemen broke through and cut his fence rails, at a recent fire, without cause. They should have removed the rails without chopping them.

All botanic beer manufactured in town will be tested, and not that alone manufactured by Messrs. E. W. Bennett & Co., as we stated the other day. The item slipped in inadvertently.

Some contraband goods, captured at this port about two months ago, were sold by auction yesterday at the customs examinary rooms. A portion of which were bought by S. March & Sons.

"Yes, sir!" he said, proudly, "I began life a bare-footed boy, and see where I am now."

"Yes, you are well off, but you had a big advantage at the start."

"How so?"

"You began life a bare-footed boy; the rest of us began life as bare-footed babies."

Mr. John Shambler made a complete set of sails for the barque Skudesnes, which put in here wrecked some time since. It was the largest job of the kind ever done in St. John's. Mr. Shambler has but limited accommodation in his sail loft, and it required no small judgment to cut and make such large sails there. Some tradesmen would require a loft of double the size.

The sixteen passengers who came from Montreal by the steamer Polino this morning are men of this town who went to seek employment during the summer. As the St. Lawrence closes about this season, the greater part of the trade around Montreal is over till spring. Captain LaChance, of the Polino, will consider himself lucky if he reaches Quebec before navigation closes.

Colorado wolves must be great lovers of music, or else Colorado has either a modern Orpheus or a modern Ananias in its backwoods. George Goodwin, a cowboy near Wetmore, whiled away the time by playing a harmonica. One day, as he rode and played, a wolf came toward him and followed him closely. George dismounted, still playing, got a club and walked up to the animal who, all intent on the music, stood still and was killed.

The steamer Polino arrived from Montreal at 6.30 this morning. The passage all through was a rough one. The ship left Montreal on Thursday, 10th, at 2 p.m., she did not reach Quebec for two days, during which time she encountered a succession of blinding snow-storms. Left Quebec at 4 p.m. on the 12th, and had fine weather for some time, when snow came on again before reaching Cow Bay. Reached latter port at 10.30 p.m. 15th. After leaving Cow Bay strong south-west wind, accompanied by heavy rain, was experienced all the rest of the way to St. John's. The Polino has a full cargo with deckload, and 16 steerage passengers. The vessel will be ready to leave tonight.

MARRIAGES.

CARROLL—QUIGLEY.—On Wednesday evening, at 7.30, at the Cathedral, by the Ven. Archdeacon Forrietal, Mr. Richard Carroll (ironworker), to Miss Maggie, daughter of Mr. Michael Quigley.

KELLY—PHIPPA.—The 15th inst, at the R. C. Cathedral, by the Ven. Archdeacon Forrietal, Capt. John J. Kelly, to Miss Mary Phippard, both of Placentia.

DEATHS.

BROPHY.—Last night, after a lingering illness, the beloved wife of Mr. John Brophy, and the youngest daughter of the late Jeremiah Lane, aged 46 years. She leaves a husband and six children to mourn their sad loss. Funeral on Sunday, at 2.30 o'clock, from her late residence, Hovestown, Furniture Factory Lane. Friends and acquaintances are respectfully invited to attend without further notice. May she rest in peace.